



Mayon Volcano on 22 February 2018.

Country: Philippines

Emergency: Mayon Volcano Eruption

Dates Covered by Report: 13 January - 1 March 2018

Situation Report Number: 9 (as of 1 March 2018, 5:00 PM)

Highlights

- There is a slight decrease in number of evacuees and affected schools due to eruption
- From 66,000 people affected in February 18, this is down to 65,000
- From 91,000 learners affected in February 3, this down to 72,000
- Alert level 4 remains in effect

Effects

Sources: Albay Public Safety and Emergency Management Office (APSEMO) and Department of Education Region 5

- 17,186 families or 65,493 people from 45 barangays in 6 municipalities and 3 cities still affected in Albay.
- Evacuees are now in 61 evacuation centers, occupying 823 rooms.
- As of February 18 data of DepEd, a total of 118 schools are still affected as 65 are within the Permanent Danger Zone and 53 are used in evacuation centers
- A total of 72,166 learners and 2,732 education personnel are still affected (75% of whom are residents who are hosting evacuees in their schools/communities, the remaining 25% are displaced)

- With 1293 classrooms affected and 920 rooms used in evacuation operations
- 462 temporary learning spaces are still needed. 196 have already been provided while 155 are in the process
- Cash-for-Work is implemented at evacuation camps through the Departments of Labor (DOLE) and Social Welfare (DSWD)

EDUCO Response

- EDUCO continues to coordinate with lead government agencies and local governments, adapting its response to changing data and needs
- In EDUCO sites (Camalig, Daraga, Guinobatan, and Ligao City), 7979 families or 29,980 people remain affected:

City/Municipality	Affected Barangays	Families	Persons	Evac Centers
1. Daraga	6	1828	7461	6
2. Camalig	6	2436	9232	7
3. Guinobatan	6	2764	9305	21
4. Tabaco City	9	1,914	7,577	7
5. Malilipot	3	1303	5067	3
6. Sto. Domingo	5	2941	11235	3
7. Ligao City	4	951	3,982	5
8. Bacacay	1	139	506	1
9. Legazpi City	5	3,053	11,648	8
TOTAL	45	17,186	65,493	61

- EDUCO completed a Rapid Needs Assessment and oriented all its personnel on humanitarian response within days after first eruption
- Child-Friendly Spaces have been set up through ChildFund Philippines in two sites in Guinobatan equipped with CFS kits and trained animators to lead sessions. Two more CFS are being procured.
- 26 camp leaders have been trained as animators to conduct play and learning sessions with children at Child-Friendly spaces at least once a week for the next six weeks
- To date, about 2,500 displaced families and their children have been reached through relief

distribution of WASH kits, infant kits, and conduct of awareness raising sessions

- Awareness raising sessions on Child Protection; Nutrition and Health; as well as Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene in times of emergencies are done alongside relief distribution
- 45 DepEd division coordinators of DRRM were trained on administering Psychological First Aid to children in affected areas covered by EDUCO
- 3000 children are expected to benefit when Psychological First Aid sessions rollout from March 5 to 13
- Since trained DepEd personnel are from division-level offices, they will also be able to rollout eventually to non-EDUCO sites to reach more children
- Through EDUCO, 16 temporary learning spaces in Guinobatan are repaired/constructed. Only two are in final stages before use, while the rest are already being used.



Prof. Yeng Gatchalian of Psychological Assoc of Phils (PAP) introduce PFA



Children inside a newly constructed temporary learning space

Highlights of Events in Chronological Order

Sources: Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS) and Office of Civil Defense Region 5

- **13 January** - First explosion produced 2.5 km of ash plume, drifting southwest. Ash fall on Camalig, Guinobatan, Daraga, and Ligao City
- **14 January - Alert Level raised** from 1 (abnormal) to 2 (increasing unrest) at 12.30AM. By 8:00 PM, **alert level was increased to 3** (increased tendency towards hazardous eruption). Danger zones at 6 to 7 -km radius enforced.
- **16 January** - 14,000 people are in evacuation centers. Albay Province declares 'state of calamity,' enabling to seek external support.
- **22 January** - For the first time, an explosion was strong enough to push ash fumes 10 kilometers into the sky. Heavy ash fall ensued in at least four cities and municipalities southwest of Mayon . At 1 PM, Mayon is raised to **Alert Level 4** (hazardous eruption imminent in hours or days). Classes at all levels is suspended in Albay province.
- **23 January** - Province lifts class suspension. Class suspensions now up to each municipal government.
- **24 January** - Sulfur dioxide gas emission was measured at an average of 1252 tons/day. Swelling or inflation of the edifice is sustained, as magma presses from below. People in evacuation centers have reached 60,000.
- **25 January** - Five instances of 300 to 500-foot lava producing ash plumes as high as 3,000 meters from the crater. Ash drifting, southwest pyroclastic material flow, and rumbling sounds also recorded.
- **30 January** - 85,000 affected from 61 barangays are now in up to 80 evacuation centers occupying over 1000 rooms . Mayon still at Alert Level 4.
- **31 January** - Flights resume normal operations.
- **3 February** - Province of Albay issues decampment for some evacuees residing within 8 to 9 kilometer-radius around Mayon Volcano.
- **5 February** - Mayon exhibits weak lava fountaining. Ash plumes were observed at 550 meters at 11 AM

and 1 PM. Lava advanced 4.5 kilometers down to Miisi and Bonga-Buyuan channels.

- **14 February** - No visual observations were made in Mayon since Tropical Storm Basya formed on February 11 and covered the Volcano in thick clouds. Albay warns of lahar flow and landslide hazards due to heavy rainfall and wind.
- **27 February** - 800-meter ash plumes were observed at around 9 AM. Lava fountaining, rock fall, ash plumes, and volcanic earthquakes continue to be recorded several times a day.



Relief distribution in Camalig on Feb 21



Learning session on Info Management for Humanitarian Response with UN OCHA Philippines on Feb 20

About EDUCO

Fundación Educación y Cooperación – EDUCO is a global development NGO with 25 years of experience working with rights holders and duty bearers to build communities where all children enjoy inclusive, quality, and transformative education in a safe and enabling environment.

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